

The Janesville Daily Gazette.

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NUMBER 110

THE GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, JULY 17.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
OF INDIANA.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
LEVI P. MORTON,
OF NEW YORK.

PRICES UNDER A PROTECTIVE TARIFF.

The attorneys for free trade who seek to create prejudice against the policy of protection by charging that it enhances the cost to consumers, can best be met by a comparison of prices of a few articles in common use.

In 1860 salt, then on the free list, sold to consumers at an average price of \$3 per barrel. The tariff on salt in barrels is now 12 cents per hundred pounds, (or say, 33½ cents per barrel) and the average price is not more than half that of 1860. As salt has been made the subject of special attack, it may be well to ascertain just how much of the present selling price goes to the manufacturer, against whom it is sought to create prejudice. In 1867, at the works in Michigan, salt sold for 60 cents per barrel, and of this sum 20 cents was paid the cooper for making the barrel. All between this price and that paid by consumers went for transportation and profits of middlemen.

The manufacture of plate glass was established in 1866, when the foreign-made article sold for \$25 per square foot. The tariff on a similar quality of glass is now 50 cents per foot, and the price has steadily fallen until it is now 75 cents per square foot.

Pig iron, in 1860, sold for \$20.75 per ton. With a tariff of \$6.72 per ton it now sells for \$18.

Steel rails were first made in 1867; when the price was \$160 per ton. The tariff has been as high as \$28 per ton and is now \$17. Steel rails are now quoted at \$11, and have sometimes been lower.

A favorite plea of free traders is that with wools and woolens on the free list "the poor man's blanket" would be sold for one-half its present price—when the fact is that price of blankets of equal quality are about the same in the United States and England. Here is the profit: Last year the secretary of war invited bids for supplying army blankets of four pounds weight, and allowed foreigners to compete on the same terms American manufacturers, that is, without paying the tariff. The lowest British bid was only 30 cents a blanket less than that of an American. The tariff, if it had been charged, would have been about \$1.50. Our free trade cabinet officers give the contract to the foreigner who pays no taxes and buys nothing in this country, instead of favoring the Americans, who supplies work to hundreds of people and otherwise adds to the wealth of our country.

The money for our national treasury went to a foreign country, and American soldiers have to sleep under British blankets, because they can be made in England for thirty cents less than in this country.

And here is some testimony from the other side: Matthew Arnold, the eminent English scholar, statesman and free trade advocate, recently deceased, last year made a tour of this country, and afterwards gave his conclusions in the Nineteenth Century Magazine, (April 1888). In this paper the writer admits that conditions in the United States are favorable to "that increased class of people" whose incomes are less than \$1,500 a year, while in England the advantages are greatly in favor of those with incomes above that sum." Of wages he says, "the humbler kind of work is better paid in America than with us, the higher kind worse. Luxuries are, as I have said, very dear—above all, European luxuries; but a working man's clothing is nearly as cheap as in England, and plain food is on the whole cheaper."

THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

Headquarters Opened at New York Where American Exhibitors May Apply for Information.

New York, July 17.—General William B. Franklin and Mr. Somerville P. Tuck have respectively qualified as Commissioner General and Assistant Commissioner General to represent the United States at the Paris exposition of 1889, and have established their office at 33 Wall street, this city. Notification has been given by the Department of State to Governors of the several States and Territories that their people may assist in the proper representation of the products of our industries and National resources. The several executive departments of the Government have also been requested to take such steps as may be necessary for the exhibition to receive special communications, pamphlets and circulars from the French authorities and will, as soon as possible, invite applications for space from American exhibitors, giving them at the same time full information as to the manner of preparing and forwarding exhibits, the date when they must be ready and all other needed details. The exposition opens May 6 and closes October 31, 1889.

SERVIAN'S UMPIRE QUEEN.

LONDON, July 17.—Green Natalio, of Servia, has sent an agent to Florence to procure a residence for her in that city.

She has sent to the Servian frontier a letter in which she says: "I now insist upon being told of what crime I have been guilty. I have no reason to be afraid of the fullest light being thrown upon both my political and private life."

CANADA DOESN'T WANT THE PAUPERS.

MONTREAL, July 17.—A mass-meeting of working-men condemned the landing in Canada of undesirable immigrants and called upon the Government to put a stop to the practice by imposing a fine of \$100 for each offense upon any steamer bringing such people to Canada.

There seems to be a little hush in Mr. Winsan's record on the wool business. When he was in congress and represented one of the best districts in the state, he was inclined to somewhat fair in his speech and vote, and did, on the question of the tariff on wool, represent the first congressional district in a way that won for him the good opinion of his constituents.

In April, 1888, a vote was taken in the house of representatives to restore the duty on imported wool which had been reduced by the tariff revision of 1888. Mr. McKinley, who presented the republican platform to the Chicago convention, made the chief speech on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill. When Mr. McKinley had finished a vote was taken and there were 110 yeas, and 126 nays, among the yeas being Mr. Winsan. There were 79 republicans voted to restore the duty on wool and 10 republicans against it, and 109 democrats voted against the bill, and 39 for it.

Mr. Winsan thought in 1888 that the duty should be restored on wool, why does he think in 1888 that the duty on wool is "merely" too? Is it because we're "to ride in the same saddle with the south and census every time a confederate takes snuff, or has he been from a protectionist as to wool to a free trader?"

CONFIDENT REPUBLICANS.

Milwaukee Sentinel: Judge Frisby has just returned from the east where he found a great deal of enthusiasm among republicans over the ticket. In New York state the situation could not be

TYRANNICAL TORIES.

They Are Determined to Give the Irish No Show.

GAG RULE IN THE BRITISH COMMONS.

No Debate Allowed on the Bill to Create a Commission of Inquiry Into the "Times" Charges—Parry's Protest.

AN EXCITING SESSION.

LONDON, July 17.—The House of Commons, Mr. Sumner (Liberal), asked whether the Government intended to communicate with the House of Lords on the present case; however, it is hardly possible that anything more of a startling nature will occur, as the prosecution has already obtained all the knowledge that Bowles, Broderick, and Smith possess. This was outlined in the opening speech of the district attorney. Whatever has been learned since will be kept quiet until the time comes to try the men on the charge of conspiracy.

Attorney-General Wolffe followed Mr. Smith with the assertion that he had come to his (the Attorney-General's) knowledge, as counsel, that it must distinctly say that there was not the slightest foundation for any such assertion.

Mr. Sumner asked whether the Government had given the Government any communication from the Foreign Office, and Mr. Smith, the Government leader, replied that if the question was intended to suggest that the Government had received from the Attorney-General Wolffe's "followed Mr. Smith with the assertion that he had come to his (the Attorney-General's) knowledge, as counsel, that it must distinctly say that there was not the slightest foundation for any such assertion."

Mr. Sumner asked whether the Attorney-General was not consulted in preparing the motion or framing the bill in regard to the proposed commission of inquiry into the "Times" charges.

Mr. Smith answered: "The bill is drawn, and there has not been necessary to consult the Attorney-General."

Mr. Parry expressed dissatisfaction with Mr. Smith's explanation, and, for the purpose of obtaining a full debate of the subject, he moved an adjournment. The speaker said it would be a violation of the rules to proceed with the debate when a motion relating to the same question was already recorded.

Mr. Gladstone asked if a vote on the motion for leave to introduce a bill for the appointment of a commission of inquiry would be taken.

Mr. Smith said he had hoped it would, but if it was opposed it could not be taken. "It is for Mr. Parnell to speak," he said.

"I met Mr. Parnell shortly afterward, and he said, 'Bowles has left a package for me at Mr. Gladstone's Hotel.' I have lived in London for twenty years, and two thousand miles at home, I am a locomotive fireman, and worked for the 'O' road four years. I quit on February 25, but have since been working for the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen. I have never been going rate for them for being late. I know Broderick, Cooling and Bowles slightly, and Bauerstein well. I met Bowles first at the hotel in Aurora, where the strike held their meetings. The next time I saw him, he got into a train, and I went in for a drive, direct to the railroad track, and for the first time I saw dynamite. Bowles had several sticks of it and some caps. He got a twig of a tree and bored a hole in the end of it, and the dynamite was set off. That was the first time I ever saw dynamite. Bowles said, 'It gives well when you set it off, and when it's set off it goes out of the buggy and puts the dynamite on the track. Then we drove away and when we got one and a half miles from there we heard the dynamite go off. The next day Bowles asked me to go to the station, and I went to see him. The next day he told me he had a cartridge with him and wanted me to leave a cartridge with him and that I should put it on the track. I told him to do it the night he went away, or when you would suspect him of doing it.'

"I met Broderick shortly afterward, and he said, 'Bowles has left a package for me at Mr. Gladstone's Hotel.' In the package were dynamite and caps. We do not desire to report the bill. If the proposals are received, copies of the bill will be immediately circulated among the members. I will then fix a time for a second reading, but I must frankly say that I will not make any arrangement for debating a bill of this kind."

Mr. Parry rose to speak again, and Mr. Smith said he had hoped it would not be taken. "It is for Mr. Parnell to speak," he said.

Mr. Smith—if there is opposition to the bill it will probably hinder a vote being taken to-night. A vote can not be taken after 12 o'clock.

The Parcelline members here left the House to consult on the course to pursue.

After midnight Mr. Smith formally moved that the House permit the introduction of the bill.

Mr. Parnell rose to oppose the motion.

He expressed surprise that Mr. Smith should make such a motion without discussing the provisions of the bill.

A more monstrous proposition had never been made by a minister occupying such a position. Mr. Parry continued:

"If the letters are genuine I am in favor of the bill, but I do not desire to be allowed to discuss the bill, but must accept like sheep the judgment of a jury of butchers!"

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JOHN C. SPENCER, SECRETARY;
WM. BLADON, CITY EDITOR.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.
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Attorneys and Counselors,
Room 2, Carpenter Block,
JANESVILLE, WIS.
July 17, 1881.

Dr. G. G. BENNETT
DENTIST.

OFFICE IN JEFFRIES' BLOCK OVER MERCHANTS' &
MECHANICS' BANK.

THE HOME
Life Insurance Company,
OF NEW YORK,

Cash Angels - \$5,000,000.00

Liabilities - 24,114

Policy Holders Surplus - \$1,831,340

The Home Life Insurance Company is the largest and most successful life insurance company in America.

X. DEANSON AGENT.

For Southern Wisconsin, No. 8 Loring's Block,
Janesville, Wis.

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Plans and Superintendence Office.

PIONEER BLOCK - MADISON, WIS.

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MALCOLM G. JEFFRIES,
HENRY C. SMITH.

Fethers, Jeffries & Smith,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS,

Over Merchants' and Mechanics' Savings Bank.

JANESVILLE, WIS.

WILLIAM G. WHEELER,

Attorney-at-Law

OFFICE.

Over Merchants' and Mechanics' Savings Bank.

JANESVILLE, WIS.

C. E. BOWLES,

REAL ESTATE

And Loan Agent.

Due a general brokerage business in the sale of

REAL ESTATE AND CIVIL PROPERTY.

With due regard for the interests of all the lowest rates, extra terms and make all papers relating to selling, buying or mortgaging real estate. OFFICE IN JAMESVILLE, WIS.

Real Estate, Insurance

AND LOAN AGENCY.

J. G. Saxe.

Is now prepared to buy and sell

Particular houses, houses and lots and buildings, blocks, and will give you better bar-

gain than any in the northwest.

Money loaned at per cent. & com-

panying documents.

Office in Jeffries' Block, Janesville, Wis.

and so on.

Chickering Hall,

(Room 2) San Antonio, N.Y.

Having witnessed the excellent results of

Mr. EDWIN E. LAVON'S instruction on

the piano, I heartily recommend him as an in-

structor of superior qualities, and should command

high rates.

FRANKLIN SONNECK,

Former pupil of Mrs. Chickering, and piano of Cecilia

and Cecilia Company.

C. T. PEIRCE,

DENTIST

27 West Milwaukee Street

and so on.

S. H. HAYNER,

Resident Piano Tuner

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TEACHER OF VIOLIN AND VIOLA.

Twenty years' experience. Best of refer-

ence and satisfaction guaranteed. Address

or consult at Park Hotel.

Order book at King's Hotel, Milwaukee, Wis.

WILSON LANE,

Attorney-at-Law,

OFFICE:

Over Merchants' and Mechanics' Savings Bank.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

debtors.

THOR. JUDD.

D-E-N-T-I-S-T.

OFFICE - Dr. Milwaukee and Franklin Sts.

RESIDENCE - Cornw - South Jackson and

School Streets.

Dr. GEO. H. McCAUSEY,

SURGEON DENTIST!

OFFICE in Tallman's block, opposite the Na-

tional Bank, West Milwaukee St., Janesville

Wisconsin.

MISS BENEDICT,

Piano and Class Training in Vocal Music

Rooms, opposite Postoffice.

Piano for piano received at any time and

planned according to grade of advancement

instruction. The best music room in the city.

Children's Musical Classes will here-

after meet in music room on Fridays at 4 p.m.

IF YOU WISH!

To find the store that keeps the best

assortment and sell the cheap-

est, just call at

E. HALL'S

55 West Milwaukee Street.

and so on.

DR. GOOD, Tailor, Grocer,

Hats, Gloves, Green Books,

Carpet, Warp, Bird Cage,

Men's Clothing, White Shirts,

Watches, Jewelry, Underwear,

White Ware, Books,

And Tea thousand other articles.

NEW GOODS DAILY

Just try a Cash store.

E. HALL

MILLINERY !

CHEAP FOR THIRTY DAYS

The finest stock of

Millinery Goods,

In the city may be found at

MRS. SADLER'S,

22 Main Street.

Trimmed Hats from \$1.00 up.

All kinds of Hair Goods, cheap.

Children's hats a specialty.

Call and see goods.

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BE CONTENT.

Sermon by Rev. T. D. Witt Tal-

mage, D. D.

True Happiness Consists in Having the

Heart Right toward God and Man

- The Grand Influence of the Ro-

ugh of Jesus Christ.

"In Good Humor with Our Circum-

sances" was the subject of Dr. Talmage's

recent sermon. His text was taken from

the fifth verse of the thirteenth chapter

of Hebrews: "Be content with such

things as are." He would say one more:

"We must all be content."

He heart right toward God and man, we

are happy. That heart wrong toward God

and man, we unhappy.

Other reason why we should be content

is that this is the way God wants us to be.

He wants us to be content with what we have.

He wants us to be content with our circum-

sances.

He wants us to be content with our pos-

sessions.

He wants us to be content with our work.

He wants us to be content with our home.

He wants us to be content with our chil-

dren.

He wants us to be content with our wife.

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THE GAZETTE.

THE OFFICIAL CITY PAPER.

AVEAGE CIRCULATION OF DAILY AND WEEKLY 8,430.

Subscription and Advertising Rates

DAILY—Per year payable in monthly installments..... \$6.00
WEEKLY—Per year, in advance..... 1.50
RENTAL FREE.

Mariage, death and obituary notices, with at least two notices of church and society meetings.

WE UPLISH AT HALF RATES.

Church and society notices of entertainments given to the public.

WE CHARGE FULL RATES.

For cards of thanks, obituaries, notices, financial statements of insurance companies and all other classes of items not considered news.

THE GAZETTE.

Is the best newspaper in Southern Wisconsin, and our rates are based on our circulation, and are cheap when we consider the prices for local and daily advertising cheerfully furnished.

APRIL 18, 1883.

TUESDAY, JULY 17.

LOUJS. MATTERS.

A Golling handles the Brodhead Ice cream.

Ice Cream.

Until further notice I will sell ice cream by the quart or gallon delivered to any part of the city at prices that can not fail to please.

G. A. SCHAFFER.

A Golling handles the Brodhead Ice cream.

We're making low prices on all parasols and sun shades.

Bont, Bailey & Co.

Brodhead Ice cream at the Star.

Tents or hammock for sale or rent. Tents and awnings made and repaired by L. S. Hillbrandt, 7 North Jackson street.

Brodhead Ice cream at the Star.

Lost—Sunday, a black cane with a white head. Finder please leave at this office.

Call for Brodhead Ice cream at the Bower City restaurant.

House and two lots on South Main street, residence of the late S. Heimstreet, must be sold before October 1st. Terms easy. Enquiries at Heimstreet's drug store.

Call to Brodhead Ice cream at the Bower City restaurant.

The best hammocks and croquet sets at Sutherland's.

Brodhead Ice cream served at the Sea Side.

You can find the best 25 and 50 cent mits in the city at Mort, Bailey & Co's.

Brodhead Ice cream served at the Sea Side.

Any one wanting iron columns, girders, sidewalk plates, coal holes, stirrups, hitching posts, stur guards, cresting, or any brass or iron castings, call on Spencer Phelps, No. 12, South River street, Agent for Aurora Foundry.

The best Scotch crinkled sausackers at 9 cents, reduced from 15 cents. We show a large line.

BONT, BAILEY & CO.

WANTED—\$60 per month to desirable persons, steady advancement if competent. Address W. Park House, Jonesville, Wis.

The best Pacific lawns at 8 cents world 12½ cents, all good styles.

BONT, BAILEY & CO.

Miss Annie Wallace is doing a big business in dressmaking, rooms next door to Van Kirk Bros., West Milwaukee street.

We are offering extraordinary bargains in all lines of summer goods to close.

BONT, BAILEY & CO.

The people are beginning to realize that they can find what they want at the Maggot, 21 E. Milwaukee street, and what pleases them more is that they can save money by going there to trade.

Sage chose at Denniston's.

Campaign handkerchiefs at the Maggot.

The finest assortment of albums at Sutherland's.

Coat, Coat.

Anyone wishing coal at school board prices for immediate delivery, call and see me.

J. H. GATELEY.

The best Roman violin strings at D. CONRAD.

We lay them out on parapels and silk umbrellas.

ARONIE KEID.

Special low prices on Jewett's refrigerators; water coolers; filters; ice cream freezers; hammocks; lemon squeezers; ice pitchers; paraffine tapers for lemonade; prepared wooden tooth picks at Wheelock's.

For bargains in city property—farm and western land—for sale and exchange, see D. CONRAD.

We lay them out on parapels and silk umbrellas.

ARONIE KEID.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE LADIES—They have come, a complete line of the celebrated Star Shirts Waists at Ziegler's. The only perfect fitting waist made. Your early inspection is solicited.

Our lawn and batiste that we have been selling at 12½ and 15 cents are reduced to 10 cents a yard.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Men's balbriggan shirts and drawers.

Some special prices this week.

ARONIE KEID.

Chambray robes—a second large in-

voice just opened—11 yards of goods, 9 yards of embroidery—per \$1.50.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Bargains in cook stoves both old and new, at Sutherland's, North Main St.

Twenty pieces Mulhouse French Satin, beautiful colorings and combina-

tions, value 87½ cents a yard—we offer them at 25 cents a yard.

ARONIE KEID.

Bargains in cook stoves both old and new, at Sutherland's, North Main St.

Twenty pieces Mulhouse French Satin,

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ARONIE KEID.

The latest novelties in walking sticks at Ziegler's. Very cheap.

MANY SPECIAL OFFERS.

A Chance for Amatuer Pio-Bakers to Win Glory at the Rock County Fair.

Writing County History Prizes for Schools—Other Valuable Premiums.

As the time draws near for the fair the interest seems to increase and there is no doubt but we will have the best exhibition ever held here. Already inquiries are coming in for space and we have been handed the following special premium offer:

For the best sample of white grapes.

I will give one-half dozen choice one-year old grape vines, value \$8.00, to farmers making the best show of grapes and apples and other fruit, for the farmer only.

J. B. McGOWAN.

A friend of the Christ Church Rectory Society offers the following special premiums:

First. For the best apple pie made by any girl not over sixteen years of age, and residing in Rock county, \$5.00 in gold.

Second. For the best lemon pie made by a girl not over sixteen years of age, and residing in Rock county, \$5.00 in gold.

The pies must be brought in on Wednesday morning and not later than 10:30 o'clock, labeled "Christ Church Special". No entry fee will be charged. All pie entries for premium to belong to Christ Rectory Society after the judges have made their award. These premiums will be paid at twelve o'clock noon of the day or saty so that the winners may take their gold home with them.

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Center—A special premium of \$2 is offered for the best and second best on exhibit at Rock County Fair, tired by Miss Molner (No. 223). First premium \$16; second prize, \$8, exhibitors to choose their own judges.

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Colonel Nicholas Smith will give a prize of a new and well bound edition of Webster's unabridged dictionary to the boy or girl under 17 years old who will write the best history of Rock county from its settlement to 1850. The sketch must be comparatively brief, not exceeding nine pages of foolscap manuscript which, in ordinary hand-writing will occupy about two columns of reading matter. The sketch which takes the prize will be printed in the Gazette.

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Mr. and Mrs. R. Cheney attended the Sabbath school gathering in Coopersville last Sabbath.

—Mrs. David Jones and daughter, Jessie, visited Jones at Evansville last week. Mrs. Jones has now fully regained her health.

—The Methodist social at Mr. Gilson's last week was well attended and every-way most agreeable.

—Miss Maydell Rogers is visiting friends at the Grove. Her home is in Barrington, Ill., where her father is practicing medicine.

—Everybody is using "Scopine"—got it at Hastings's.

—Miss Nettie Rogers who has been visiting with her friend Miss Jennie J. McArthur for the past few days, returned to Clinton Saturday last.

—Mr. W. D. McGregor, who is engaged in teaching in Milwaukee, is spending his vacation in Bradford.

—Mrs. Robertson of Chicago, and her children, are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. John McArthur.

—The theme for pulpit discourse next Sabbath, July 22, at the Emerald Grove and Fairfield M. E. church, will be the "Unparalleled Sin of the Sin Against the Holy Ghost."

—Miss Price, of Milwaukee, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. David Jones.

—LAWSONIA.

—The German picnic held on the 11th inst. in Bennett's Grove, was an enjoyable affair; the singing by the Sunday school was fine; the race between Mrs. Drafahl and Mr. J. Bush was won by the latter; the band which played gave a fine musical performance.

—The gold medals for bands amounting to \$250, are given besides the medals.

Carpenters are at work on the grounds and visitors will find many improvements.

Arrangements have been made for a republican and democratic day. Good speakers from both parties will be present.

—BRIEFLETS.

—Miss Lou Sparlan is visiting friends in Iowa.

—Janesville was certainly a very "well" town to-day.

—Miss Fannie Sheldon is visiting friends in Duluth.

—Take in the Arion orchestra ball at Apollo hall on Thursday evening of this week.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. O. Curtis, of Edgerton, are visiting friends in the city.

—Rev. Joseph Waite and family are enjoying a two weeks' visit at Devil's Lake.

—Janesville City Lodge No. 99, L. O. O. F., occupy Odd Fellows Hall this evening—regular weekly meeting.

—The Ladies' Christian Union will meet at the First Methodist church tomorrow, (Wednesday) afternoon at two o'clock.

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